

# ENGINEERING DIPLOMA EXAMINATION ARCHITECTURE 2023/24 SCOPE OF EXAM ISSUES

## HISTORY OF ARCHITECTURE AND URBAN PLANNING

- 1. Architecture of ancient Greece and Rome: types of buildings, materials and construction methods, principles of composition.
- 2. Early Christian architecture: construction traditions, functional and structural solutions longitudinal and central projection.
- 3. Romanesque architecture in Europe and in Poland; schools, spatial and material layouts.
- 4. The gothic cathedral as a symbol of the spiritual life of the era and a structural experiment.
- 5. Gothic architecture in Poland: the sources of inspiration of architectural concepts and the impact of climate on architecture examples.
- 6. Florence works of early and late masters of Italian Renaissance architecture.
- 7. Renaissance in Poland: Wawel, palaces of magnates and houses of burghers.
- 8. The Italian Baroque shaping the interior space and the dynamics of architectural forms architects and their works.
- 9. Baroque churches in Poland. Investors, inspirations and opportunities.
- 10. Classicism in France.
- 11. Classicism in Poland: patronage of the royal court (Merlini, Kamsetzer, Corazzi).
- 12. Art nouveau, jugendstijl, arts & crafts movement, stile floreale protest against what?
- 13. Deutsche Werkbund and Bauhaus similarities and differences; creators.
- 14. Modernism ideological assumptions, trends, examples, creators.
- 15. Le Corbusier ideas and projects.
- 16. Postmodernism as the philosophy of rebellion, its features and trends, creators and their works.
- 17. Hi-tech genesis, the most important works and their creators.
- 18. Urbanism XIX: changes in old city centers (Vienna, Kraków, Poznań)
- 19. New trends in urban planning in the 20th century: "Athens Charter" and its spatial effects on cities.
- 20. List and discuss elements that are part of the cultural heritage.
- 21. Definition of a monument. Types and forms of protection.
- 22. Conservation and the restoration of monuments. Aims and principles of conservation practice.
- 23. Eugène Emmanuel Viollet-le-Duc doctrine, rules of conduct and conservation achievements.
- 24. The conservation doctrine of Alois Riegl and the criteria for the classification of monuments.
- 25. Main doctrinal principles of the post-war reconstruction of Polish cities according to Jan Zachwatowicz.
- 26. The Venice Charter of 1964 and the resulting main principles of conservation.
- 27. The spatial development of Poznań from the Middle Ages to the present day.

### ART-COLOR, LIGHT - THE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THE FINE ARTS AND ARCHITECTURE

- 1. Organic and mineral painting techniques. Basic differences between easel and wall painting.
- 2. Types of perspectives, their features and application.
- 3. Types of painting compositions and genres
- 4. The division of colors and the principles of mixing them.
- 5. Main trends and styles in painting which have a decisive influence on changes in the 20th-century art (Impressionism, Cubism, Expressionism).
- 6. Architectural motifs in paintings, drawings, graphics and sculptures, and paintings in architectural space tendencies, examples, creators.

- 7. Sculptural and architectural form similarities and differences.
- 8. Color in painting versus color in architecture what is the meaning of color in painting and what can / does it have in architecture and urban planning.
- 9. Space in drawing and painting examples (types of perspectives).

#### **ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN**

- 1. Single-family housing architecture.
- 2. Multi-family residential architecture.
- 3. Organic house architecture.
- 4. Connections between architecture and technology. Architecture of energy-efficient houses.
- 5. Local land management plans and land development decisions as design guidelines.
- 6. Organization of the investment process and the specificity of architectural design.
- 7. Systems of proportion in architecture.
- 8. Tendencies in architectural composition described by Juliusz Żórawski.
- 9. Ergonomics in architectural design. Genesis and principles.
- 10. Principles of universal design. List and characterize briefly.
- 11. Accessibility of public facilities. Discuss the types of accessibility you know, give examples.
- 12. Stairs in a single-family residential building: ergonomics and applicable regulations.
- 13. The height of the room. Discuss the parameters and determinants.
- 14. Plot development plan: ground level and ground floor level. Explain the designation rules.

# HOUSE BUILDING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING STRUCTURES WITHIN THE SCOPE OF CIVIL ENGINEERING

- 1. Basic construction systems of buildings.
- 2. Foundations: general characteristics, types, levels and depths of foundations.
- 3. Walls in buildings: types, materials, types of bonds, wall thickness.
- 4. Types of ceilings in buildings. Balcony slabs.
- 5. Flat roofs: types, structure, layering, roof drainage.
- 6. Wooden roof structures: types, roof truss elements, spans.
- 7. Insulation in buildings: types, classification, conditions of use.
- 8. Basic principles of technical drawing: markings, dimensioning, lines.
- 9. Typization and prefabrication in construction: a building module.
- 10. Finishing elements of buildings: plasters, floors, floors.
- 11. Thermal insulation of buildings: methods, materials, layer thicknesses.
- 12. Wooden structures: foundations, walls, roof (types, elements).
- 13. Interior doors. Principles of dimensioning in the light of the frame and the opening in the wall, ways and directions of opening.

#### **URBAN PLANNING**

- 1. Definitions and conceptual scope of urban planning, urbanization, spatial development, and urban planning concepts.
- 2. Basic elements of urban layout and structure typology and characteristics of urban interiors.
- 3. Elements of urban composition according to the theory of flagship researchers on this issue.
- 4. Housing development as a basic urban material.
- 5. Spatial structure of the city and its changes throughout history.
- 6. Contemporary urban doctrines the Athens Charter, the New Athens Charter (sustainable development), the Charter of the New Urbanism.
- 7. Characteristics of the basic elements that define urban space square, street, quarter.
- 8. Issues, elements and methodological basis of the theory of urban design.
- 9. Basic instruments and tools for urban design.
- 10. Elements and parameters for shaping the urban complex.
- 11. Structure of the building-up of an area and its individual functions.

- 12. Parameters and types of green spaces and communication in the city structure and housing estate structure.
- 13. Basic assumptions of the city plan.
- 14. Urban indicators.
- 15. The urban composition of the identity of the place and natural forms.

### **RURAL PLANNING, GREENERY**

- 1. Name and discuss the shapes of rural settlements.
- 2. Spatial systems of buildings in specialist rural farms.
- 3. Name and discuss functional parts of the manorial and court estates.
- 4. Classification of urban green areas.
- 5. List the characteristics of the Renaissance and Baroque gardens (plant material, landscaping elements). Provide examples.
- 6. Enumerate the characteristics of English parks, romantic and naturalistic gardens. Provide examples.
- 7. Discuss the process of greenery design in open spaces.
- 8. Factors affecting the spatial and artistic planning of the park.
- 9. Functions of urban greenery.
- 10. Definitions, typology and classification of landscapes.
- 11. Perception and principles of shaping landscape interiors
- 12. Methods of landscape inventory, analysis and valorization
- 13. The role of landscape in shaping the urban environment, climate and water resources
- 14. Theories of landscape perception and the use of selected methods and tools (eg cognitive maps).
- 15. Landscape development and protection tools and legal bases for landscape management in Poland.

#### RECREATION

- 1. Structure of recreational development in agglomerations.
- 2. Origins and development of recreational functions in urban planning.
- 3. Evolution of sports and recreation facilities from antiquity to the present day.
- 4. Principles of designing sports halls
- 5. Principles of designing indoor swimming pools
- 6. Typology and distribution of recreational areas and facilities in the city.
- 7. Factors determining the suitability of areas for recreational functions.
- 8. Recreational development of urban water areas.

# MECHANICS OF BUILDING, CIVIL ENGINEERING AND BUILDING CONSTRUCTIONS, BUILDING PHYSICS, ACOUSTICS, ENERGY-SAVING CONSTRUCTION

- 1. Strength characteristics of basic construction materials.
- 2. Acoustic comfort of rooms requirements depending on the function of the room.
- 3. The influence of interior design, cubature and finishing materials on acoustics.
- 4. Protection against noise.
- 5. Requirements for thermal insulation of walls, floors and flat roofs in buildings intended for human occupancy.
- 6. Energy savings and thermal performance in buildings.
- 7. Heat transfer coefficient "U" for space dividing elements definition and calculation method.
- 8. Heating devices in buildings. Conventional and alternative energy sources.
- 9. Rules for ventilation of rooms in residential buildings.
- 10. Dimensional coordination in construction. Building module.
- 11. Types of foundations, general characteristics, depth of foundation in buildings.
- 12. Methods of laying bricks in walls (brick bonding), thickness of brick walls. Curtain walls.
- 13. Reinforced concrete in ceiling structures. The advantages and disadvantages of reinforced concrete, the basis for designing the thickness of reinforced concrete ceiling.
- 14. Wood in covering structures, advantages and disadvantages. Roof trusses types

- 15. Smart building. Definition, building management system (basic elements of the system and their functions), with particular emphasis on energy savings.
- 16. Smart city. Definition, basic characteristic.
- 17. Renewable energy sources. Definition, types. Ways of using renewable energy in architecture.
- Present the conditions of equilibrium for statically determinate systems. Discuss principles of calculating reactions in statically determinate systems. Specify types of external forces acting on the construction system.
- 19. Discuss methods of truss analysis methods of joints and method of sections.
- 20. Present types of internal forces of beams and frames, define each of them and explain sign convention of internal forces. Characterise normal stress. Characterise shear stress.
- 21. Explain pure bending of beams. Describe the phenomenon of column eccentricity. Provide the definition of the core of a section. Discuss elastic and non-elastic buckling of columns. Present the manner of determining the degree of static indeterminacy.
- 22. Discuss the method of forces.
- 23. Energy-efficient building. Definition, basic principles of design

#### **BUILDING PHYSICS - LIGHTING, LIGHTING DESIGN AND ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS**

- 1. Criteria and principles of lighting.
- 2. Lighting equipment lighting fittings.
- 3. Lighting equipment light sources.
- 4. Illumination of architectural objects.

#### **FIRE SAFETY**

- 1. Fire safety basic terminology.
- 2. Categories of hazards for people and fire zones in residential buildings.
- 3. Escape and fire routes in residential buildings.
- 4. Fire protection requirements for doors and staircases.
- 5. Fire resistance in residential buildings.
- 6. Location of buildings (due to fire safety in residential buildings).
- 7. Parameters of vertical and horizontal communication in buildings: corridors, stairs, elevators. Evacuation in residential buildings.

#### MATERIALS

- 1. Thermal insulation.
- 2. Stone for construction.
- 3. Ceramic materials.
- 4. Steel products.

#### **COMPUTER DESIGN SUPPORT**

- 1. GIS systems, definition of the concept, application in urban planning, architecture and spatial planning
- 2. Direct and parametric modeling. Advantages and disadvantages in the context of creativity and efficiency, application in architectural design, software examples.
- 3. BIM as a design tool and method in construction and architecture. BIM 3D-8D
- 4. Analytical possibilities with the use of BIM systems in architectural design.
- 5. Cross-design industry coordination using BIM. IFC format. The role of the BIM manager.
- 6. Basic methods of three-dimensional scanning, application, the concept of point clouds.
- 7. CAD, BIM, CAM. Definition of terms, the process from design to digital fabrication of a building, fabrication methods.
- 8. The role of visualization, including VR and AR from design to construction site.